# Light Collection in the Scintillation Bubble Chamber

# Hector Hawley Herrera





H. Hawley Herrera



## Dark Matter remains mysterious and eludes us....

# Scintillation Bubble Chamber (SBC) is a solution that combines...





In bubble chambers....

Particle needs to deposit a large amount of energy in a small length to initiate a bubble.

Electrons and gammas stopping power usually too low

Alphas background reduced by fiducial cuts and piezos

WIMPs and neutrons are left



In scintillation bubble chambers....

# Every benefit from a bubble chambers PLUS

Energy discrimination from photon information

Further electron background reduction from timing information

Scintillation takes energy from bubble creation



# Liquid Argon or Liquid Xenon? Why not both?



Too expensive per kg



Single photon detector requirements:

- High photon collection efficiency
- Tolerate liquid argon temperatures (~90K)

# Photomultipler tubes (PMTs)

- Special PMTs can tolerate the temperatures with reduced gain and increased dark current
- Normal PMTs require thermal insulation that function as light guides. See DEAP3600 for example
- Require waveshifters
- Possible candidate but space can be an issue and collection efficiency is lost due to extra parts





#### Single photon detector requirements:

- High photon collection efficiency
- Tolerate liquid argon temperatures (~90K)

## Silicon Photomultipliers (SiPMs)

- Array of avalanche photodiodes
- Great single PE resolution
- Can tolerate LAr temperatures
- Specially fabricated SiPMs can detect Argon and Xenon scintillation without waveshifters
- Winner-winner chicken dinner





SBC acquired 34 SiPMs back in 2019

My Objective:

 Quantify the SiPM uniformity by measuring the breakdown voltage distribution...

SiPM Breakdown Voltage is the start of the avalanche breakdown

Most important characteristic to measure





Measured current vs voltage of 136 SiPMs cells @ Queen's University

- From 40V to 60V
- Peltier cooling system to maintain
  - a constant temperature of  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Nitrogen gas purge to minimize exposure to humidity









#### Log Fit

 $\log(I) = n \log(V - V_{BD}) + \alpha$ 

**Inverse Linear Fit** 



**Derivative Method** 

$$V_{BD} = \max\left(\frac{d\log I}{dV}\right)$$









