

# Precision Branching-Ratio Measurement for the Superaligned Fermi $\beta$ Emitter $^{18}\text{Ne}$

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The precise studies of nuclear  $\beta$  decays between  $I^\pi = 0^+$  isobaric analogue states provide stringent tests of electroweak interactions. Precision measurements of the  $f_t$  values for superallowed  $\beta$  Fermi emitters between isospin  $T = 1$  states has provided by far, the most precise value of  $V_{ud}$ , the up-down element of the Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa (CKM) quark mixing matrix. Recent survey on superallowed decay, recommended value of  $V_{ud}$  is one standard deviation smaller than its previous value and is due to a new theoretical evaluation of a nucleus independent radiative correction that is universally applied to the  $f_t$  values. As a result, the top row test of CKM unitarity now violates unity at the  $3.3\sigma$  level, which has motivated a renewed search for any and all possible trivial sources that may explain this apparent discrepancy.

In this work, we focus on a new measurement of the superallowed branching ratio of  $^{18}\text{Ne}$  decay that was deduced from an experiment performed at the GANIL facility in France. To date, the  $f_t$  value for this decay has not yet been determined precisely enough to be included in the evaluation of  $V_{ud}$  and it is perhaps the most interesting case for constraining model dependencies that arise in a second set of theoretical corrections accounting for isospin symmetry breaking effects. A detailed description of the experiment, analysis and preliminary results will be presented.

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## Please select: Experiment or Theory

Experiment

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